



FRENCH FASHIONS,

PARIS, Nov. 20.-The new evening gowns borrow their inspiration from Murie Antoinette and pompadour themes. They do not copy these styles literally, which would give the reunions too much of an air of being costume halls, but they suggest them in detail. Thus when the bodice is draped with a fichu this makes a Marie Antoinette gown, and when there is a square decollect with revers running from the top of the shoulder to the point of the walst, with the skirt full at top and gathered on the hips, this is a pompadour gown. In both these old cityles the sleeve was close at the top and widened to the elbow, where it ended with a tuffle; but the sleeve actually being worn is for dinner gowns draped to the elbow and caught into a band with a fall of lace, and for ball gowns shorter and formed equally of drapings or overlapping ruffles, puffs, lace and bows. halls, but they suggest them in detail.

overlapping ruffles, puffs, lace and bows

The skirt of some gowns opens in front over the petiticoat in the pompadour manner, and this is particularly to be remarked of dinner gowns. In this case there is fullness at the top, arranged in gathers over the hips, but the front breadth is flat. In the old style the petiticoat was sometimes of contrasting material, but at present such contrast looks a little extreme.

Flowered silks and satins are being very much used for these gowns, as are also plain satins. Velvet plain and flowered is used for dinner gowns. The trimmings are lace, artificial flowers and ribbon bows. Whole cascades of bows cover the chemisette front, after the pompadour manner, and these bows afford centers for placing jewels. The skirt has the front breadth draped with blue mousseline de sole, caught here and there with pink flowers. The pointed bodiec has a low round decoilete draped with a lichu of the mousseline knotted on the front with a bunch of pink flowers. The pointed bodiec has a low round decoilete draped with a lichu of the mousseline knotted on the front with a bunch of pink flowers. The pointed bodiec has a low round decoilete draped with a lichu of the mousseline knotted on the front with a bunch of pink flowers. The pointed bodiec has a low round decoilete draped with a lichu of the mousseline knotted on the front with a bunch of pink flowers. The pointed bodiec has a low round decoilete draped with a lichu of the mousseline knotted on the front with a bunch of pink flowers. The pointed bodiec has a low round decoilete draped with a lichu of the mousseline knotted on the front with a bunch of pink flowers, the skirt trimmed with a Jace ruffle put on in zigzag lines and headed with a ruche of the silk. In each

jet, ending with a bow at the foot. The bodice is a square half-low decollete with revers embroidered like the skirt. The sleeves are of mousseline de sole. The sleeves are of mousseline de soie, very much draped. The gauze embroidery may be replaced by jet or jetted lace. A velvet of black ground flowered with rosebuds has the skirt very full and open over a pettleoat of the same gathered on the hips, and the bodice a square decollete with sleeves fitted close to the arm and ending at the elbow with double ruffes, the upper one standing out in a wide puff. A garniture runs around the neck and down each side of the front.

The following ball gowns are equally The following ball gowns are equally





WHITE BROCHE FLOWERED SILK AND BLACK DINNER GOWN.



The bodice slightly pointed in front is open from the point up to the shoulders, with straight revers over the chemisette of the plush, the whole forming a square decollete. The plush revers are crossed their whole length with lines of gold braid; ribbon bows are on the chemisette and a large bow is at the back of the neck draping the shoulders from armhole to armhole. Violet is being much worn.

A black faille has the front of the

Evening Conts. Ball and opera cloaks are long, loose Ball and opera cloaks are long, loose coats with enormous bishop sieeves and a hood or ornamental collar. Some of them have a Watteau plait. They are made of pale broche silk or of velvet; satin lined and wadded, and are bordered with fur and sometimes have guipure and other appliques. In general the simplest are the most elegant. One of pale green broche satin has a collar standing very high behind in box-plaits, so full as to form a ruche at the back bordered with chinchillas. The same fur borders the front and sleeves. Another of brown satin has a square collar falling down the back in plaits and revers in front, all faced

a square collar failing down the back in plaits and revers in front, all faced with cream guipure and bordered with sable. Sable collar.

A very handsome one of cream velvet printed with a cashmere pattern, has borders of otter. One of cream cloth is faced down each side of the front with brown silk passementerie, all the pattern outlined with fur. Inexpensive and rich looking short capes for evening are made of velveteen printed with an allover cashmere pattern in colors and finished with fur

tern in colors and finished with fur collar and borders. Ten Gowns and Pelgnoirs.

The Watteau plait is a prominent feature of the Pompadour style of dress, and it is being very much used in house neglige. The plait begins part way down the back, with a yoke or a collar above, enriched with appliques. Still older fashions, those of the middle ages, are also revived, motifs borrowed from the time of the crusales, sometimes from women's dress and sometimes from armor. Thus a peignoir of white flannel cut to fall in loose folds, has above the close Italian sleeves long pointed flowing sleeves that fall open from the shoulder and reach nearly to the floor, lost in the folds of the gown, and over this a

sort of scapulaire of red cloth, lined to give it enough body with white fastened at one point on each shoulder and hanging straight down back and front, and dotted all over with dragons, embroidered in white. Red cloth epaulettes fall over the sleeves. This gown was made by Felix. Another peignoir of white flannel is made with a Watteau plait, and over it mauve flannel forms a yoke, and extends down the middle of the front in a wide strip to the foot, and down the middle of the back in the same way, forming the top of the Matteau plait, and the yoke and the strips are cut in one piece, lined and laid upon the gown, and all the edges of the mauve are



scalloped and bound with ribbon. Epaulettes carry the color out over the sleeves. This design was made at the same house.

BALL GOWN.

same house.

A very pretty novelty for tea gowns is velveteen, printed with a cashmere pattern in colors. It is to be had with various colored grounds and is inexpensive. Of English make, it is being used in quantities by the Paris dressmakers. Fur borders are the only trimmings needed, though plain velvet or satin may be put with it for contrast ADA BACHE CONE.

FOR HANDS AND HEAD.

Simple Methods For Treating Chapped Hands and Falling Hair. At this season of the year is is almost impossible to keep the hands from chap-ping and looking red when they are in water as frequently as it is necessary



An American Back

to have them. Below is given a most ex-cellent recipe for making Laureline which is simply and easily prepared at home and very inexpensive. Laureline.

Two ounces of glycerine, one ounce of alcohol, one-fourth ounce of gum tragacanth, one-fourth to one-half ounce of rose water or violet perfume, one pint of water, soak the tragacanth in the water two days, then strain and add the other ingredients. Cut the glycerine with the alcohol. If it should be too thick add a little more water and alcohol. Bottle and it is ready for use.

In very cold weather if it is too thick to pour early heat it by setting over the register or in a bowl of hot water. While most people adnet there is nothing better for the scaip than a thorough brushing of the hair morning and night many will not persist in this and are continually asking what will make the hair come in when it is fast coming out. Many of the best hair-dressers and barbers are recommending rubbing pure grease in very thoroughly every night or every other night. In several instances this has proven very effectual and a new growth of short and strong fuzz all over the head has been the result.

Many children and some of an older growth are severely troubled with dandruff in the scalp which always makes the head and hair look dirty. This can be remoyed by rubbing pure grease in every other night and in the morning following wash theroughly with arr soap.

following wash thoroughly with tar soap.

CARRIE MAY ASHTON.

SPARKLING FANCIES.

A fleur-de-lis pin made of three bits of white pearl.

A brooch in the form of a scythe made of diamonds.

made of diamonds.

A very magnificent seal, the crest cut into a single diamond.

A change purse made of a single piece of oblong pearl, topped with an



BABY OF THE CZAR.

WHAT A ROYAL CHRISTENING IN RUSSIA MEANS.

Made a National Festival-It is Next in Importance to Coronation-Thousands of Gifts Are Showered Upon the Royal Youngster.

There will be a royal christening at St. Petersburg before long, and a tiny bit of humanity, which, of course, will know nothing about the great goings on, will be the cause of vast jubilation from one end of the vast Russian empire to the other.

Some of this pleasuring will not be altogether voluntary, but none of the subjects of the czar care to attract the attention of the police by failing to make a show of festivity during the

make a show of festivity during the period of national joy.

For months past the young czarina and the ladies of her court have been preparing for the elaborate ceremonies which always surround the birth of a royal baby in Russia. Of all these ceremonies the most magnificent and imposing is the christening, according to the ritual of the Greek church. The christening always takes place as soon after the birth of the royal youngster as its general health will permit.

The baby's christening robes are

after the birth of the royal youngster as its general health will permit.

The baby's christening robes are marvels of the needleworker's art. The first godfather, who is always a high and mighty person, gives the child a gold cross iniaid with jewels and the godmother provides the little white shirt which is used before the ceremony is completed. The occasion requires gifts from all persons connected with the court. These gifts are often the toys most likely to amuse a tiny infant, although many are suitable for a grown child. Other gifts may be lands or jewels.

At the chistening the child is carried in the arms of its godmother to the church or chapel. A crowd of royglty and nobility, glittering in brilliant uniforms and gala toilets, fill the body of the church and stand grouped around the font. The priests wear magnificent robes with gold crosses, and sacred banners are borne before them. Two deacons carry a portrait of Christ and the Virgin Mary.

Has Many Godfathers.

Has Many Godfathers. The godfathers give the priest nine wax candles, which are lighted and fastened across the font. The priest incenses the godfathers and godmothers and consecrates the water with many ceremonies. Then a procession is formed round the font by those taking next in the ceremony. cession is formed round the font by those taking part in the ceremony, each one bearing a lighted wax taper. The name of the child is given in writing to the priest, who puts the paper on an image which he holds on the child's breast, meanwhile saying a

the child's breast, meanwhile saying a prayer.

When the priest asks if the child forsakes the devil and his works the god-parents turn their backs to the font to show their horror and aversion to the question and answer "yes." They again face the font and the priest takes the child, which is quite naked, and holding it by the head, so his thumb and finger stop the ears, dips it three times in the water, pronouncing the words: "I baptize thee in the name of the Father and of the Son and of the Holy Ghost."

A Unique Ceremony.

A Unique Ceremony.

The chrism, or baptismal unction, which is called the seal of the gift of the Holy Ghost, immediately follows baptism. In performing this ceremony the priest anoints the child with holy oil; on the eyes, in order that it may see only good; on the ears, that these may admit only what is pure; on the mouth, that it may speak as becomes a Christian; on the hand, that it may do no wrong; on the feet, that they may trod only in paths of virtue. At the end of this ceremony, the shirt, which the godmother has provided, is put on the child by the priest, who says: "Thou are as clean and as clear from original sin as this shirt; thou are washed in the name of the trinter." A Unique Ceremony. are washed in the name of the trin-

Ity."
The cross, which has been given by The cross, which has been given by the godfather, the child is under obligations to wear all its life. If this cross be not found upon the child at death, the priest says to the godparents, the child may not have Christian burkal, even though he be the son of a hundred kings. A particular saint is also assigned to the child, whose image he is charged to cherish with spectars. fal devotion.

Holy oil, or chrism, which is used at royal baptisms, coronations and con-secration of churches, is prepared with elaborate ceremony. There is a copper elaborate ceremony. There is a copper vase, overlaid with pearl and called the alabaster, in which is kept the original oil from Constantinople when Christianity was introduced into Russia. A few drops are taken to prepare the chrism and are replaced with other oil, so the quantity never decreases. Wine, roses, lavender, balsams and spices are mixed with the oil.

The First Sacrament.

Forty days after the birth of the child, its mother, the empress is churched, and the infant is received visibly into Christ's church by the giving of its first sacrament. When the royal gates are opened during the royal gates are opened during mass, the deagon appears with the chalice. The baby is carried to the steps, and the priest, coming forward, puts a drop of wine into its mouth with a spoon, saying: "The servant of God communicates in the name of the Father, the Son and the Holy Ghost." There is no such ceremony as confirmation in the Russian church, but the child continues to receive the sacrament from its baptism, twice a year, at Easter and on its saint's day, until

at Easter and on its saint's day, until it is 7 years old, when it is brought to the confession on Good Friday. The social functions attendant upon Made of diamonds.

A very magnificent seal, the crest cut into a single diamond.

A change purse made of a single place of obloing pearl, topped with an exact replica of a golden purse top, in gold.

A hair ornament in the shape of a heart, framed in a wreath of diamonds and pearls alternating. The heart, which is perfect in form, is cut from a large amethyst.

Moncy refunded in all cases if the High Grade Three Crown Baking Powder is not Equal to the very best baking powder made.

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The social functions attendant upon a birth in the royal family are very elaborate. They last several days. All the riches and magnificence of the court and nobility are displayed. At night the illuminations transform the capitals. Lamps are removed from the street posts, and in their places shine illuminated sitars and circles. All house fronts, roofs and chimneys are outlined with lights. The trees are full of festoons of Chinese lanterns, and from every limb hang globes of glass in red, yellow, blue and green, each formed and hung so as to resemble fruit. The houses of the nobility look like fairy palaces. The gardens are ablaze with light, and everywhere appear the burning monograms of the emperor and empress.

The First Pair of Shoes.

The First Pair of Shoes. On the day the child dons its first shoes the czarina gives 300 or 400 pairs shoes the czarina gives 300 or 400 pairs to be distributed among the poor children of St. Petersburg. These are ordinary shoes, of course, not a bit like the royal baby's, which are of white leather, embroidered with gold.

The nurse of a royal Russian child is always gorgeous in her apparel. She wears a rich velvet skirt with two broad bands of gold round it, a blue velvet apron, also trimmed with gold, a bodice of black velvet, fastened with

a bodice of black velvet, fastened with silver buttons, and round her neck a golden chain. This is the dress for ordinary days. For state occasions there are other costumes even more elaborate.

SIX GRAINS OF SENSE.

Life isn't worth living for the mere

living of it.

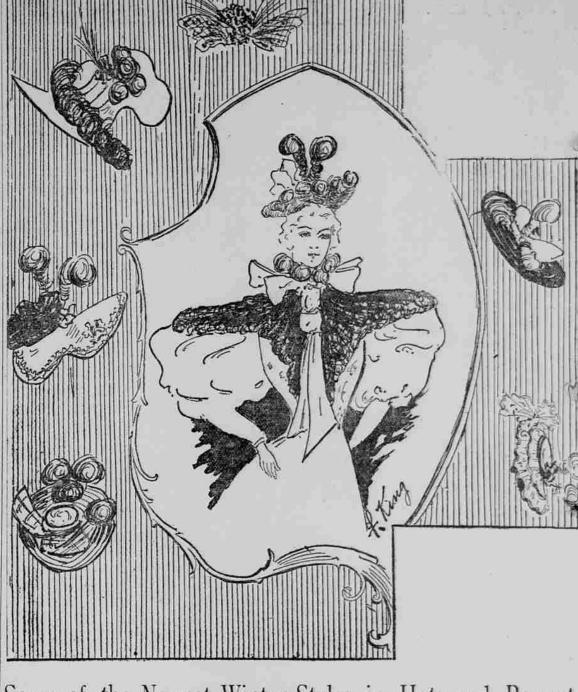
A woman can lose her head about as easily as she can her heart.

A woman can rarely conceal her true self from another woman.

An engagement without kisses is taxation without representation.

A bad man's example often does more good than a good man's precepts.

A perplexed woman can ask more questions in a minute than she can remember the answers to in a lifetime.



Some of the Newest Winter Styles in Hats and Bonnets

Big Dry Goods Values____

Against Money

Just to make new customers and please old customers we inaugurate a sale beginning tomorrow and balance of NOVEMBER that will startle the town and worry the shopkeeper. In every Department

All Over This Big Store.

The following Items will give you an idea how interesting we will make it during this sale,

Some Good Things That Need No Pushing. Buy Your Dry Goods Now!

WALKER BROS. & FYLER CO.

Silks

500 REMNANTS. IRRESISTIBLE PRICES,

All kinds of Silks for Walsts, for Dresses, for Children, large and small, all size Remnants from one yard to made prices that will move them; fancy silks, plain silks, black silks, plaid silks, silks from 50c to \$3, all lengths are measured and ready for

this sale; they have been reduced 30 to 65 Per Cent

There will also be a great Reduction in all our Black Dress Silks, all weaves included, from 40c Black Silks to \$3.50 Black Silks. VISIT THE SILK COUNTER.

Dress Goods

SPECIAL BLACK GOODS COUNTERS Including all kinds, Serges, Henriettas and Black Fancies, the very COUNTER NO. 1-1,000 yards to select from,

COUNTER NO. 2-1,500 yards to

49c

COUNTER NO. 3-3,000 yards to

209 dozen Regular 10c ladies' hand-kerchiefs in lace edges, plain white and colored borders.

62c

All 38-inch to 46-inch wide, a reduc-

30 to 60 Per Cent

3,000 yards of all wool 40-inch colored fancy mixtures and mohair mixed, the very latest designs and colors this season, some worth as high as \$1.25 yard; the entire lot; one of the greatest Dress Goods offers this season, 2 counters, center section, choice,

46c-54c Per Yard

Handkerchiefs And Laces

SEE WINDOW. FULL LINE, COMPLETE, ALL READY FOR HOLIDAY TRADE. NEW ARRIVALS IN TORCHONS, VAL-ENCIENNES AND CORALS.

2,000 yards new Torchons, latest 14 yards, big accumulation; we have things, from one-half inch to 2 inches, worth twice what we ask tomorrow, 6, 8. 10, 15, 17 and 20c

1,500 yards of new, much used Valencennes, fresh from the Lace makers; sale price, 21 to 15c Per Yard

Also an exceptional showing in those "hard to get" coffee corals, charming Patterns, tomorrow from 60c to \$2 Per Yard

TOMORROW THE FIRST EXHIBIT OF Christmas Handkerchiefs

ALL NEW, A SHOW OF 5,000 DOZENS FROM CHEAP TO BEST.

To push the season early—to sell nine-tenths of the handkerchiefs that will be sold in Salt Lake, we do it like this—these three speak for 5.000 dozen:
500 dozen very good 5c handkerchiefs, ladies' size, assorted colored
borders, limit of one dozen to custo-

2c Each

5c Each 100 dozen of the best 25c handker-chiefs, intrinsic value, ever bought by any lady in Salt Lake City, omes in scalloped and the new loop edges, warranted pure lines.

18c The Latest, Ladies' Immense Bur-

rure

CORAL COLLARS,

expressly for early holiday trade will be shown at this sale, new arrival, at \$2.25 to \$5

Kid Glove NEWS ALWAYS INTERESTING.

"These prices make it so."
TOMORROW—All our famous Pig
Skin Gloves, a great universal seller,
to be found only here,

\$1.00

TOMORROW—Our Latest Mocha or Castor, as you know it, double clasp Glove, nothing like it for street or cold weather driving glove, black \$1.25

TOMORROW—The Celebrated Systems Glove Jay, patented in France and America, Registered in England, attention is called to the patent thumb of this glove, it being cut in one piece of leather. The old fashioned gusset is done away with this, insuring greater comfort to the wearer and a perfect fit, always allowing the first button to fasten at the the first button to fasten at the

TOMORROW—To crowd the Glove section we offer at "move 'em quick" prices, 300 dozen all wool cashmere gloves at

20c Pair

Underwear

4 Big Underwear Items That Canno Be Passed.

"Not Before" Children's flesce lin-ed combination suits in Natural and Balbriggan, 2 to 12 years, a good 75a Combination Suit,

50c

For the first time-Ladies' Regular 75c flat Natural Wool Vests and Drawers, finished with Silk Tape, Silk Stitching, Drawers with 9-inch

50c

May not happen again—Ladies' fine worsted Vests and Drawers, their first appearance this season in white and Natural, made to sell for \$1.25; bought extra low by W. B. & F. Co.; all ribbed, shaped and covered seams, you miss an underwear bargain if not here tomorrow,

75c Another ladies' favorite, Flannel-lette night gowns, in dainty light shades, made double yoke, full sleeves and turn collars, from \$1.40, price, 90c